

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB

(MARK ONE)

ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED: DECEMBER 31, 2004

OR

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from To

Commission file number 33-20111

EAT AT JOE'S LTD.

(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

Delaware

75-2636283

State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

670 White Plains Road, Suite 120, Scarsdale, New York 10583

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Issuer's telephone number (914) 725-2700

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act: NONE Securities registered
under Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock Par Value \$0.0001
(Title of class)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by
Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such
shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2)
has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item
405 of Regulation S-B is not contained in this form, and no disclosure will be
contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or
information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-KSB
or any amendment to this form 10-KSB. [X]

State issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year. \$1,255,317

As of December 31, 2004, there were 45,048,299 shares of the
Registrant's common stock, par value \$0.0001, issued, and 20,000 shares of
Series E Convertible preferred stock (convertible to 4,587,4156 common shares),
par value \$0.0001. The aggregate market value of the Registrant's voting stock
held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was approximately \$992,637 computed at
the average bid and asked price as of December 31, 2004.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

If the following documents are incorporated by reference, briefly
describe them and identify the part of the Form 10-KSB (e.g., Part I, Part II,
etc.) into which the document is incorporated: (1) any annual report to security
holders; (2) any proxy or information statement; and (3) any prospectus filed
pursuant to Rule 424(b) or (c) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"):
NONE

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes ; NO X

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PART I

ITEM 1 DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

GENERAL

The business of Eat at Joe's, Ltd. (the "Company") is to develop, own and operate theme restaurants called "Eat at Joe's (R)." The theme for the restaurants is an "American Diner" atmosphere where families can eat wholesome, home-cooked food in a safe friendly atmosphere. Eat at Joe's, the classic American grill, is a restaurant concept that takes you back to eating in the era when favorite old rockers were playing on chrome-spangled jukeboxes and neon signs reflected on shiny tabletops of the 1950's.

The Company presently owns and operates one theme restaurant located in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Expansion within the current location is not viable, however management may seek to make acquisitions of established businesses, or, if a desirable location becomes available, we may elect to expand the concept. Locations would be sought in heavily trafficked areas, such as within an airport, train station, etc. We have not found any such location as of the date of this filing and no agreements are in place. Any acquisitions would be subject to the availability of funding. The restaurants will be modest priced restaurants catering to the local working and residential population rather than as a tourist destination.

The Company's common stock is traded on the National Association of Security Dealers, Inc. (the "NASDAQ") OTC Bulletin Board Under the symbol "JOES."

HISTORY

The company was incorporated as Conceptualistics, Inc. on January 6, 1988 in Delaware as a wholly owned subsidiary of Halter Venture Corporation ("HVC"), a publicly-owned corporation (now known as Debbie Reynolds Hotel and Casino, Inc.) In 1988, HVC divested itself of approximately 14% of its holdings in the Company by distributing 1,777,000 shares of the issued and outstanding stock of the Company to its shareholders. The then majority shareholder of HVC became the majority shareholder of the Company. Its authorized capital stock is 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share.

During the period from September 30, 1988 to March 1, 1990, the company remained in the development stage while attempting to enter the mining industry. The Company acquired certain unpatented mining claims and related equipment necessary to mine, extract, process and otherwise explore for kaolin clay, silica, feldspar, precious metals, antimony and other commercial minerals from its majority stockholder and unrelated third parties. The Company was unsuccessful in these

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start up efforts and all activity ceased during 1992 as a result of foreclosure on various loans in default and/or abandonment of all assets.

From March 1, 1990 to January 1, 1997, the Company did not engage in any business activities.

On January 1, 1997, the Shareholders adopted a plan of reorganization and merger between the Company and E. A. J. Holding Corp. Inc. ("Hold") to be effective on or before January 31, 1997. Under the plan, the Company acquired all the issued and outstanding shares of "Hold", a Delaware corporation making "Hold" a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company for 5,505,000 common shares of the Company.

In addition to its wholly owned subsidiary, Hold, the Company has thirteen wholly owned subsidiaries:

- E.A.J. PHL Airport, Inc. a Pennsylvania corporation,
- E.A.J. Shoppes, Inc., a Nevada corporation,
- E.A.J. Cherry Hill, Inc., a Nevada corporation,
- E.A.J. Neshaminy, Inc., a Nevada corporation,
- E.A.J. PM, Inc., a Nevada corporation,
- E.A.J. Echelon, Inc., a Nevada corporation,
- E.A.J. Market East, Inc., a Nevada corporation,
- E.A.J. MO, Inc., a Nevada corporation,
- E.A.J. Syracuse, Inc., a Nevada corporation,
- E.A.J. Walnut Street, Inc., a Nevada corporation,
- E.A.J. Owings, Inc., a Nevada corporation.
- 1337855 Ontario Inc., an Ontario corporation,
- 1398926 Ontario Inc., an Ontario corporation.

Each of the subsidiaries was organized to operate a single restaurant. The Company presently owns and operates one theme restaurant located in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania and operated under the subsidiary E.A.J. PHL Airport Inc. The Company is planning at least one acquisitions during 2005, subject to the availability of funding. All restaurants will be located in high traffic locations. The restaurants will be modest priced restaurants catering to the local working and residential population rather than as a tourist destination.

All administrative activities of the Company have been conducted by corporate officers from either their home or shared business offices located at 670 White Plains Road, Suite 120, Scarsdale, NY 10583. Currently, there are no outstanding debts owed by the Company for the use of these facilities and there are no commitments for future use of the facilities.

OPERATING LOSSES

The Company has incurred net losses from operations of approximately \$186,500 and \$190,500 for the years ended December 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively. Such

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operating losses reflect developmental and other administrative costs for 2004 and 2003. The Company expects to incur losses in the near future until profitability is achieved. The Company's operations are subject to numerous risks associated with establishing any new business, including unforeseen expenses, delays and complications. There can be no assurance that the Company will achieve or sustain profitable operations or that it will be able to remain in business.

FUTURE CAPITAL NEEDS AND UNCERTAINTY OF ADDITIONAL FUNDING

Revenues are not yet sufficient to support the Company's operating expenses and are not expected to reach such levels until the first or second quarter of 2006. Since the Company's formation, it has funded its operations and capital expenditures primarily through private placements of debt and equity securities. The Company expects that it will be required to seek additional financing in the future. There can be no assurance that such financing will be available at all or available on terms acceptable to the Company.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION

The Company is subject to all pertinent Federal, State, and Local laws governing its business. Each Eat at Joe's is subject to licensing and regulation by a number of authorities in its State or municipality. These may include health, safety, and fire regulations. The Company's operations are also subject to Federal and State minimum wage laws governing such matters as working conditions, overtime and tip credits.

RISK OF LOW-PRICED STOCKS

Rules 15g-1 through 15g-9 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") impose sales practice and disclosure requirements on certain brokers and dealers who engage in certain transactions involving "a penny stock."

Currently, the Company's Common Stock is considered a penny stock for purposes of the Exchange Act. The additional sales practice and disclosure requirements imposed on certain brokers and dealers could impede the sale of the Company's Common Stock in the secondary market. In addition, the market liquidity for the Company's securities may be severely adversely affected, with concomitant adverse effects on the price of the Company's securities.

Under the penny stock regulations, a broker or dealer selling penny stock to anyone other than an established customer or "accredited investor" (generally, an individual with net worth in excess of \$1,000,000 or annual incomes exceeding \$200,000, or \$300,000 together with his or her spouse) must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and must receive the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to sale, unless the broker or dealer or the transaction is otherwise exempt. In addition, the penny stock regulations require the broker or dealer to deliver, prior to any transaction involving a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prepared by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") relating to the penny stock market, unless the broker or dealer or the transaction is otherwise exempt. A broker or dealer is also required to disclose commissions payable to the broker or dealer and the registered representative and current

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quotations for the Securities. In addition, a broker or dealer is required to send monthly statements disclosing recent price information with respect to the penny stock held in a customer's account and information with respect to the limited market in penny stocks.

LACK OF TRADEMARK AND PATENT PROTECTION

The Company relies on a combination of trade secret, copyright and trademark law, nondisclosure agreements and technical security measures to protect its products. Notwithstanding these safeguards, it is possible for competitors of the company to obtain its trade secrets and to imitate its products. Furthermore, others may independently develop products similar or superior to those developed or planned by the Company.

COMPETITION

The Company faces competition from a wide variety of food distributors, many of which have substantially greater financial, marketing and technological resources than the Company.

EMPLOYEES

As of March 25, 2004, the Company had approximately 12 employees, none of whom is represented by a labor union.

ITEM 2 DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

All administrative activities of the Company have been conducted by corporate officers from either their home or shared business offices located at 670 White Plains Road, Suite 120, Scarsdale, NY 10583. Currently, there are no outstanding debts owed by the Company for the use of these facilities and there are no commitments for future use of the facilities.

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary E.A.J. PHL Airport, Inc. leases approximately 845 square feet in the Philadelphia Airport, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania pursuant to a lease dated April 30, 1997. E.A.J. PHL Airport pays \$7,083 per month basic rent plus 15% -18% of gross revenues above \$850,000 under the lease which expires April 2007.

ITEM 3 LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

NONE

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ITEM 4 SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were subject to a vote of security holders during the year 2004.

ITEM 5 MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND
RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

MARKET INFORMATION

The Company's Common Stock is traded on the NASD's OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "JOES." The following table presents the high and low bid quotations for the Common Stock as reported by the NASD for each quarter during the last two years. Such prices reflect inter-dealer quotations without adjustments for retail markup, markdown or commission, and do not necessarily represent actual transactions.

2004:	High	Low
First Quarter	\$ 0.025	\$ 0.014
Second Quarter	\$ 0.048	\$ 0.020
Third Quarter	\$ 0.030	\$ 0.015
Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.025	\$ 0.015

2003:	High	Low
First Quarter	\$ 0.013	\$ 0.007
Second Quarter	\$ 0.050	\$ 0.007
Third Quarter	\$ 0.045	\$ 0.015
Fourth Quarter	\$ 0.025	\$ 0.011

DIVIDENDS

The Company has never declared or paid any cash dividends. It is the present policy of the Company to retain earnings to finance the growth and development of the business and, therefore, the Company does not anticipate paying dividends on its Common Stock in the foreseeable future.

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The number of shareholders of record of the Company's Common Stock as of December 31, 2004 was approximately 2,490.

On July 29, 2003, the Board of Directors Resolved to change the authorized capital stock from 50,000,000 common shares to 250,000,000 common shares. There was no change to the par value.

On August 8, 2003, the Board of Directors resolved to issue 20,000 shares of Series E Convertible Preferred Stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share to Joseph Fiore as payment for a \$100,000 advance to the company.

ITEM 6 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND
ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATIONS

PLAN OF OPERATIONS - Eat at Joe's Ltd. Intends to open and operate theme restaurants styled in an "American Diner" atmosphere where families can eat wholesome, home cooked food in a safe friendly atmosphere. Eat at Joe's, the classic American grill, is a restaurant concept that takes you back to eating in the era when favorite old rockers were playing on chrome-spangled jukeboxes and neon signs reflected on shiny tabletops of the 1950's. Eat at Joe's fulfills the diner dream with homey ambiance that's affordable while providing food whose quality and variety is such you can eat there over and over, meal after meal. To build on the diner experience, a retail section in each Eat at Joe's would allow customers to take the good feelings home with them, in the form of 50's memorabilia.

The Company's expansion strategy is to open restaurants either through Joint Venture agreements or Company owned units. Units may consist of a combination of full service restaurants or food court locations. Restaurant construction will take from 90-150 days to complete on a leased site.

In considering site locations, the Company concentrates on trade demographics, such as traffic volume, accessibility and visibility. High Visibility Malls and Strip Malls in densely populated suburbs are the preferred locations. The Company also scrutinizes the potential competition and the profitability of national restaurant chains in the target market area. As part of the expansion program, the Company will inspect and approve each site before approval of any joint venture or partnership.

A typical food court unit is approximately 500 square feet, whereas for a full service operation it is approximately 3,500 square feet. Food court operation consists of a limited menu. A full service restaurant consists of 30-35 tables seating about 140-150 people. The bar area will hold 6-8 tables and seats 30-35 people.

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The restaurant industry is an intensely competitive one, where price, service, location, and food quality are critical factors. The Company has many

established competitors, ranging from similar casual-style chains to local single unit operations. Some of these competitors have substantially greater financial resources and may be established or indeed become established in areas where the Eat at Joe's Company operates. The restaurant industry may be affected by changes in customer tastes, economic, demographic trends, and traffic patterns. Factors such as inflation, increased supplies costs and the availability of suitable employees may adversely affect the restaurant industry in general and the Eat at Joe's Company Restaurant in particular. Significant numbers of the Eat at Joe's personnel are paid at rates related to the federal minimum wage and accordingly, any changes in this would affect the Company's labor costs.

Over the next twelve months, the company will maintain operations as they currently exist. We do not anticipate the hiring of new full-time employees or the need for additional funds to satisfy cash requirements. Expansion within the current location is not viable, however management may seek to make acquisitions of established businesses, or, if a desirable location becomes available, we may elect to expand the concept. Locations would be sought in heavily trafficked areas, such as within an airport, train station, etc. We have not found any such location as of the date of this filing and no agreements are in place.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - For the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2001, the Company had a net loss from operations of approximately \$186,000 and \$190,000 respectively.

Total Revenues - For the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, the Company had total sales of approximately \$1,255,000 and \$1,233,000 respectively, for an increase of approximately \$22,000. Management believes revenues will continue to grow in the future as airport traffic increases.

Costs and Expenses - Costs of revenues, which include the costs of food, beverage, and kitchen supplies increased as a percentage of sales by approximately 3% from 2003 to 2004. This increase can be attributed to many factors, including, but not limited to increased food costs due to the addition of fuel surcharges on the delivery of goods, increased produce costs caused by weather conditions causing the loss of crops, dairy prices have increased 30-50% due to butterfat differentials and supply shortages, and other food items due to various conditions outside the control of the Company. The cost of labor, rent and other general and administrative costs, decreased 2% as a percentage of sales. Management expects this decrease to continue as revenues increase. Depreciation and amortization expense decrease from 2003 to 2004. Management expects depreciation and amortization to continue to decline until the Company can carry out its expansion plans. Depreciation expense will increase as these plans are completed.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of December 31, 2004, the Company has a working capital deficit of approximately \$2,851,176. The Company's continued existence is dependent upon its ability to execute its operating plan and to obtain additional debt or equity financing. There can be no assurance the necessary debt or equity financing will be available, or will be available on terms acceptable to the Company.

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Management plans include searching for and opening new restaurants in the future and obtaining additional financing to fund payment of obligations and to provide working capital for operations and to finance future growth. The Company is actively pursuing alternative financing and has had discussions with various third parties, although no firm commitments have been obtained. In the interim, shareholders of the Company have committed to meeting its operating expenses. Management believes these efforts will generate sufficient cash flows from future operations to pay the Company's obligations and realize other assets. There is no assurance any of these transactions will occur.

The Company has met its capital requirements through the sale of its Common Stock, Convertible Preferred Stock, Convertible Debentures and Notes Payable.

Since the Company's re-activation in January, 1997, the Company's principal capital requirements have been the funding of (i) the development of the Company and its 1950's diner style concept, (ii) the construction of its existing units and the acquisition of the furniture, fixtures and equipment therein and (iii) towards the development of additional units.

During 2004 and 2003, the Company generated approximately \$2,006,000 and \$403,000, respectively, cash from investing activities from the sale of marketable equity securities. As of December 31, 2004, the company owns marketable securities valued at approximately \$2,121,782 with corresponding liabilities of \$3,102,737.

During 2004 and 2003, the Company has raised approximately \$118,600 and \$156,500 through short-term notes payable and advances from majority stockholders. The net proceeds to the Company were used for working capital.

For the year ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, operating activities used approximately \$160,000 and \$170,000 in cash flow.

After the completion of its expansion plans, the Company expects future development and expansion will be financed through cash flow from operations and other forms of financing such as the sale of additional equity and debt securities, capital leases and other credit facilities. There are no assurances

that such financing will be available on terms acceptable or favorable to the Company.

GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS - The Company is subject to all pertinent Federal, State, and Local laws governing its business. Each Eat at Joe's is subject to licensing and regulation by a number of authorities in its State or municipality. These may include health, safety, and fire regulations. The Company's operations are also subject to Federal and State minimum wage laws governing such matters as working conditions, overtime and tip credits.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES -The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial

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Statements describes the significant accounting policies and methods used in the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, contingencies and taxes. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. The following critical accounting policies are impacted significantly by judgments, assumptions, and estimates used in the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

We are subject to various loss contingencies arising in the ordinary course of business. We consider the likelihood of loss or impairment of an asset or the incurrence of a liability, as well as our ability to reasonably estimate the amount of loss in determining loss contingencies. An estimated loss contingency is accrued when management concludes that it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. We regularly evaluate current information available to us to determine whether such accruals should be adjusted.

We recognize deferred tax assets (future tax benefits) and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the book carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the expected future tax return consequences of those differences, which are expected to be either deductible or taxable when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Future tax benefits have been fully offset by a 100% valuation allowance as management is unable to determine that it is more likely than not that this deferred tax asset will be realized.

RECENTLY ENACTED AND PROPOSED REGULATORY CHANGES - Recently enacted and proposed changes in the laws and regulations affecting public companies, including the provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and rules proposed by the SEC and NASDAQ could cause us to incur increased costs as we evaluate the implications of new rules and respond to new requirements. The new rules could make it more difficult for us to obtain certain types of insurance, including directors and officers liability insurance, and we may be forced to accept reduced policy limits and coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain the same or similar coverage. The impact of these events could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified persons to serve on the Company's board of directors, or as executive officers. We are presently evaluating and monitoring developments with respect to these new and proposed rules, and we cannot predict or estimate the amount of the additional costs we may incur or the timing of such costs.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46 ("FIN 46"), CONSOLIDATION OF VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES, which addresses the consolidation of business enterprises (variable interest entities), to which the usual condition of consolidation, a controlling financial interest, does not apply. FIN 46 requires an entity to assess its business relationships to determine if they are variable interest entities. As defined in FIN 46, variable interests are contractual, ownership or other interests in an entity that change with changes in the entity's net asset value. Variable interests in an entity may arise from financial instruments, service contracts, guarantees, leases or other arrangements with the variable interest entity. An entity that will absorb a majority of the variable interest entity's expected losses or expected residual returns, as defined in FIN 46, is considered the primary beneficiary of the variable interest entity. The primary beneficiary must include the variable interest entity's assets, liabilities and results of operations in its consolidated financial statements. FIN 46

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is immediately effective for all variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003. For variable interest entities created prior to this date, the provisions of FIN 46 were originally required to be applied no later than our first quarter of Fiscal 2004. On October 8, 2003, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FIN 46-6, EFFECTIVE DATE OF FASB INTERPRETATION NO. 46, CONSOLIDATION OF VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES. The FSP provides a limited deferral (until the end of our second quarter of 2004) of the effective date of FIN 46 for certain interests of a public entity in a variable interest entity or a potential variable interest entity. We will continue to evaluate FIN 46, but due to the complex nature of the analysis required by FIN 46, we have not determined the impact on our consolidated results of operations or financial position.

In April 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 149, AMENDMENT OF STATEMENT 133 ON DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES. SFAS No. 149 amends and clarifies accounting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities under SFAS No. 133. In particular, this Statement clarifies under what circumstances a contract with an initial net investment meets the characteristic of a derivative and when a derivative contains a financing component that warrants special reporting in the statement of cash flows. We adopted this standard for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003. The adoption of SFAS No. 149 did not have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations or financial position.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, ACCOUNTING FOR CERTAIN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH CHARACTERISTICS OF BOTH LIABILITIES AND EQUITY. This Statement requires certain financial instruments that embody obligations of the issuer and have characteristics of both liabilities and equity to be classified as liabilities. We adopted this standard for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003. The adoption of SFAS No. 150 did not have a material impact on our consolidated results of operations or financial position.

In November 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 151, INVENTORY COSTS - AN AMENDMENT OF ARB NO. 43, CHAPTER 4. This Statement amends the guidance in ARB No. 43, Chapter 4, "Inventory Pricing," to clarify the accounting for abnormal amounts of idle facility expense, freight, handling costs, and wasted material (spoilage). Paragraph 5 of ARB 43, Chapter 4 previously stated that "...under some circumstances, items such as idle facility expense, excessive spoilage, double freight, and rehandling costs maybe so abnormal as to require treatment as current period charges..." This Statement requires that those items be recognized as current-period charges regardless of whether they meet the criterion of "so abnormal." In addition, this Statement requires that allocation of fixed production overheads to the costs of conversion be based on the normal capacity of the production facilities. This statement is effective for inventory costs incurred during fiscal years beginning after Jun 15, 2005. Management does not believe the adoption of this Statement will have any immediate material impact on the Company.

On December 16, 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (R), SHARE-BASED PAYMENT, which is an amendment to SFAS No. 123, ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION. This new standard eliminates the ability to account for share-based compensation transactions using Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK ISSUED TO EMPLOYEES, and generally requires such transactions to be accounted for using a fair-value based method and the resulting cost

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recognized in our financial statements. This new standard is effective for awards that are granted, modified or settled in cash in interim and annual periods beginning after June 15, 2005. In addition, this new standard will apply to unvested options granted prior to the effective date. We will adopt this new standard effective for the fourth fiscal quarter of 2005, and have not yet determined what impact this standard will have on our financial position or results of operations.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 152, ACCOUNTING FOR REAL ESTATE TIME- SHARING TRANSACTIONS, which amends FASB statement No. 66, Accounting for Sales of Real Estate, to reference the financial accounting and reporting guidance for real estate time-sharing transactions that is provided in AICPA Statement of Position (SOP) 04-2, Accounting for Real Estate Time- Sharing Transactions. This statement also amends FASB Statement No. 67, Accounting for Costs and Initial Rental Operations of Real Estate Projects, to state that the guidance for (a) incidental operations and (b) costs incurred to sell real estate projects does not apply to real estate time-sharing transactions. The accounting for those operations and costs is subject to the guidance in SOP04-2. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. Management believes the adoption of this Statement will have no impact on the financial statements of the Company.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 153, EXCHANGE OF NONMONETARY ASSETS. This Statement addresses the measurement of exchanges of nonmonetary assets. The guidance in APB Opinion NO. 29, Accounting for Nonmonetary Transactions, is based on the principle that exchanges of nonmonetary assets should be measured based on the fair value of the assets exchanged. The guidance in that Opinion, however, included certain exceptions to that principle. This Statement amends Opinion 29 to eliminate the exception for nonmonetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of nonmonetary assets that do not have commercial substance. A nonmonetary exchange has commercial substance if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the exchange. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005. Earlier applications is permitted for nonmonetary assets exchanges incurred during fiscal years beginning after the date of this statement is issued. Management believes the adoption of this Statement will have no impact on the financial statements fo the Company.

ITEM 7 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Company and supplementary data are included beginning immediately preceding the signature page to this report. See Item 13 for a list of the financial statements and financial statement schedules included.

**ITEM 8 CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS
ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

There are not and have not been any disagreements between the Company and its accountants on any matter of accounting principles, practices or financial statements disclosure.

ITEM 8A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We have established disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to the officers who certify the Company's financial reports and to other members of senior management and the Board of Directors.

Based on their evaluation, as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of Eat at Joe's, Ltd. have concluded that Eat at Joe's Ltd.'s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) are effective in ensuring that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

There were no significant changes in Eat at Joe's Ltd.'s internal control over financial reporting during the Company's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting

ITEM 8B. OTHER INFORMATION

None

PART III

**ITEM 9 DIRECTORS EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND
CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(A) OF
THE EXCHANGE ACT**

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

The following table sets forth the name, age, and position of each executive officer and director of the Company:

<TABLE> <CAPTION> DIRECTOR'S NAME	AGE	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
<S> Joseph Fiore	<C> 43	<C> Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chairman of the Board of Director/Secretary	<C> Next Annual Meeting
James Mylock, Jr.	38	Director	Next Annual Meeting
Tim Matula	44	Director	Next Annual Meeting
Gino Naldini	53	President and Chief Operating Officer	Next Annual Meeting

</TABLE>

JOSEPH FIORE has been Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, and Chief Financial Officer since October, 1996. In 1982, Mr. Fiore formed East Coast Equipment and Supply Co., Inc., a restaurant supply company that he still owns. Between 1982 and 1993, Mr. Fiore established 9 restaurants (2 owned and 7 franchised) which featured a 1950's theme restaurant concept offering a traditional American menu.

JAMES MYLOCK, JR. has worked with Joseph Fiore in marketing and business development since graduating from the State University of New York at Buffalo in 1990.

TIM MATULA joined Shearson Lehman Brothers as a financial consultant in 1992. In 1994 he joined Prudential Securities and when he left Prudential in 1997, he was Associate Vice President, Investments, Quantum Portfolio Manager.

GINO NALDINI became President and Chief Operating Officer of the Company in December, 1998. From 1967 through 1998, Mr. Naldini held various senior executive positions with Toronto-based CARA Operations, operator of more than 400 restaurants. The restaurants operated by CARA include Swiss Chalet, operator of chicken rotisserie restaurants and Harvey's, Canada's second largest hamburger chain. Mr. Naldini's last held position with CARA was that of Senior Director of Operations.

The Company's Certificate of Incorporation provides that the board of directors shall consist of from one to nine members as elected by the shareholders. Each director shall hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified.

BOARD MEETINGS AND COMMITTEES

The Directors and Officers will not receive remuneration from the Company until a subsequent offering has been successfully completed, or cash flow from operating permits, all in the discretion of the Board of Directors. Directors may be paid their expenses, if any, of attendance at such meeting of the Board of Directors, and may be paid a fixed sum for attendance at each meeting of the Board of Directors or a stated salary as Director. No such payment shall preclude any Director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefor. No compensation has been paid to the Directors. The Board of Directors may designate from among its members an executive committee and one or more other committees. No such committees have been appointed.

COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

Based solely upon a review of forms 3, 4, and 5 and amendments thereto, furnished to the Company during or respecting its last fiscal year, no director, officer, beneficial owner of more than 10% of any class of equity securities of the Company or any other person known to be subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, failed to file on a timely basis reports required by Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act for the last fiscal year.

AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT

The Company's board of directors does not have an "audit committee financial expert," within the meaning of such phrase under applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, serving on its audit committee. The board of directors believes that all members of its audit committee are financially literate and experienced in business matters, and that one or more members of the audit committee are capable of (i) understanding generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and financial statements, (ii) assessing the general application of GAAP principles in connection with our accounting for estimates, accruals and reserves, (iii) analyzing and evaluating our financial statements, (iv) understanding our internal controls and procedures for financial reporting; and (v) understanding audit committee functions, all of which are attributes of an audit committee financial expert. However, the board of directors believes that there is not any audit committee member who has obtained these attributes through the experience specified in the SEC's definition of "audit committee financial expert." Further, like many small companies, it is difficult for the Company to attract and retain board members who qualify as "audit committee financial experts," and competition for these individuals is significant. The board believes that its current audit committee is able to fulfill its role under SEC regulations despite not having a designated "audit committee financial expert."

ITEM 10 EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

None of the executive officer's salary and bonus exceeded \$100,000 during any of the Company's last two fiscal years.

EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

Effective January 1, 1997, the Company entered into an employment Agreement with Joseph Fiore (the "Fiore Employment Agreement") under which Joseph Fiore serves as chairman of the board and chief executive officer of the Company. Pursuant to the Fiore Employment Agreement, Mr. Fiore was to be paid \$50,000 in 1997 and \$75,000 in 1998. In addition, Mr. Fiore will receive family health insurance coverage until age 70 and life insurance coverage until age 70 with a death benefit of \$1,000,000 and the use of an automobile, with all expenses associated with the maintenance and operation of the automobile paid by the Corporation. Mr. Fiore deferred all salaries and benefits under this agreement until the Company reaches profitability.

ITEM 11 SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS
AND MANAGEMENT

PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS

The table below sets forth information as to each person owning of record or who was known by the Company to own beneficially more than 5% of the 45,048,299 shares of issued and outstanding Common Stock of the Company as of December 31, 2004 and information as to the ownership of the Company's Stock by each of its directors and executive officers and by the directors and executive officers as a group. Except as otherwise indicated, all shares are owned directly, and the persons named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to shares shown as beneficially owned by them.

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

NAME AND ADDRESS OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS DIRECTORS	NATURE OF OWNERSHIP	# OF SHARES OWNED	PERCENT
<S> Joseph Fiore	<C> Common Stock	<C> 8,682,130 *	<C> 19%
All Executive Officers and Directors as a Group (5 persons)	Common Stock	9,929,993 *	22%

</TABLE>

* Includes 2 shares (convertible to 4,587,156 common shares) of Series E convertible preferred shares on an as if converted basis.

ITEM 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

During 2004 and 2003, Joseph Fiore, C.E.O. of the Company, and Berkshire Capital, which is controlled by Mr. Fiore, paid expenses and made advances to the Company. As of December 31, 2004 and 2003, \$1,933,394 and \$1,814,794 in advances was due to these related parties.

On August 8, 2003, the Board resolved to enter into an agreement with Berkshire Capital Management Co., Inc., a related party, for the purpose of utilizing the Company's tax loss carry forward to sell Berkshire's acquired free trading stock in other public companies. During 2004 and 2003, the Company acquired marketable securities from a related party pursuant to a joint venture agreement. In accordance with the agreement the Company acquired marketable securities valued at \$4,245,065 and \$3,899,079, respectively, (based on quoted market prices) in exchange for

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accounts payable of \$3,396,052 and \$2,921,529, respectively, with the remainder being reported as contributed capital of \$849,013 and \$977,550, respectively. During 2004 and 2003, the Company has sold marketable securities for \$3,473,032 and \$1,041,282, respectively, and recorded a net loss on sale of \$137,437 for 2004 and a net gain of \$85,214 for 2003. As of December 31, 2004 and 2003, the remaining securities are recorded in the accompanying Balance Sheets at their quoted market value of \$1,869,782 and \$2,610,630, respectively and related party accounts payable include \$3,102,737 and \$2,281,989, respectively, due to Berkshire Capital.

On August 8, 2003, the Board of Directors resolved to issue 20,000 shares of Series E Convertible Preferred Stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share to Joseph Fiore as payment for a \$100,000 advance to the company.

On September 1, 2003, the Board resolved to enter into an agreement with Berkshire Capital Management Co., Inc., a related party, for the purpose of locating merger candidates for twelve of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries. Pursuant to which, on October 23, 2003, The Company entered into a Purchase Agreement with Offshore Creations, Inc. (A Nevada corporation) to sell the Company's wholly owned subsidiary E.A.J. Innerharbor. The Company received 1,200,000 (approximately 3%) of restricted stock of the corporation surviving the merger of Offshore Creations, Inc. and E.A.J. Innerharbor, Inc. This transaction was accounted for by recording a \$1,200 investment in marketable securities and a corresponding gain on sale of \$1,200. As of December 31, 2004 no additional subsidiaries have been sold.

ITEM 13. EXHIBITS, AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this report.

Report of Robison, Hill & Co., Independent Certified Public Accountants...	F-1
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2004, and 2003.....	F-2
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2004, and 2003.....	F-4
Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2004, and 2003.....	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2004, and 2003.....	F-6
Notes to consolidated Financial Statements.....	F-7

2. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are included as part of this report:

Exhibit Number	Title of Document
3.1	Articles of Incorporation(1)
3.2	By-laws(1)
4.1	Form of Warrant Agreement(1)
10.1	Lease Information Form between E.A.J. PHL, Airport, Inc. and Marketplace Redwood Limited Partnership(1)
10.2	Registration of trade name for Eat at Joe's(1)
10.2	Registration Rights Agreement(1)
21	Subsidiaries of the Company(1)
31	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

(1) Incorporated by reference.

(a) No reports on Form 8-K were filed.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The following is a summary of the fees billed to us by Robison, Hill & Company for professional services rendered for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003:

Service	2004	2003
Audit Fees	\$ 20,870	\$ 16,510
Audit-Related Fees	-	-
Tax Fees	1,495	1,495
All Other Fees	-	-
Total	\$ 22,365	\$ 18,005

AUDIT FEES. Consists of fees billed for professional services rendered for the audits of our consolidated financial statements, reviews of our interim consolidated financial statements included in quarterly reports, services performed in connection with filings with the Securities & Exchange Commission and related comfort letters and other services that are normally provided by Robison, Hill & Company in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

TAX FEES. Consists of fees billed for professional services for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning. These services include assistance regarding federal, state and local tax compliance and consultation in connection with various transactions and acquisitions.

Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services of Independent Auditors

The Audit Committee, is to pre-approve all audit and non-audit services provided by the independent auditors. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services as allowed by law or regulation. Pre-approval is generally provided for up to one year and any pre-approval is detailed as to the particular service or category of services and is generally subject to a specifically approved amount. The independent auditors and management are required to periodically report to the Audit Committee regarding the extent of services provided by the independent auditors in accordance with this pre-approval and the fees incurred to date. The Audit

Committee may also pre-approve particular services on a case-by-case basis.

The Audit Committee pre-approved 100% of the Company's 2004 audit fees, audit-related fees, tax fees, and all other fees to the extent the services occurred after May 6, 2004, the effective date of the Securities and Exchange Commission's final pre-approval rules.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

- : -

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

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Consolidated Balance Sheets, December 31, 2004 and 2003.....	F-2
Consolidated Statements of Operations, For The Years Ended December 31, 2004 and 2003.....	F-4
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity, For The Years Ended December 31, 2004 and 2003.....	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, For The Years Ended December 31, 2004 and 2003.....	F-6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.....	F-7

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors and Stockholders
Eat At Joe's Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Eat At Joe's Ltd., and subsidiaries (a Delaware corporation) as of December 31, 2004, and 2003 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Eat At Joe's Ltd., and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2004, and 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company has suffered recurring losses from operations and has a net capital deficiency that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 1. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Robison, Hill & Co.
Certified Public Accountants

Salt Lake City, Utah
March 29, 2005

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD., AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,389,042	\$ 440,637
Receivables	9,185	6,337
Inventory	7,500	7,500
Prepaid expense	10,561	10,693
Marketable Securities	2,121,782	2,611,830
	-----	-----
Total Current Assets	4,538,070	3,076,997
	-----	-----
Property and equipment:		
Equipment	103,666	98,740
Furniture & Fixtures	3,964	3,964
Leasehold improvements	376,165	376,165
	-----	-----
Less accumulated depreciation	483,795	478,869
	(368,881)	(334,350)
	-----	-----
Total Property & Equipment	114,914	144,519
	-----	-----
Other Assets:		
Investments	-	-
Intangible and other assets net of amortization of \$106,302 and \$90,818 for 2004 and 2003, respectively	48,535	64,019
	-----	-----

Total Other Assets	48,535	64,019
	-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,701,519	\$ 3,285,535
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD., AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003
(Continued)

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 200,846	\$ 167,845
Related party accounts payable	3,102,737	2,281,989
Short-term notes payable	265,193	275,821
Shareholders loans	1,933,394	1,814,794
Convertible Debentures	1,887,076	1,742,453
	-----	-----
Total Current Liabilities	7,389,246	6,282,902
	-----	-----
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY Preferred stock - \$0.0001 par value.		
10,000,000 shares authorized;		
20,000 Series E shares issued and		
outstanding December 31, 2004 and		
0 shares issued and outstanding December 31, 2003	2	2
Common Stock - \$0.0001 par value.		
250,000,000 shares authorized;		
45,048,299 and 45,048,299		
issued and outstanding, respectively.	4,505	4,505
Additional paid-in capital	11,865,627	11,016,614
Cumulative Translation Adjustment	-	-
Unrealized Losses on available-for-sale securities	(408,382)	(336,886)
Retained deficit	(14,149,479)	(13,681,602)
	-----	-----
Total Stockholders' Equity	(2,687,727)	(2,997,367)
	-----	-----
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 4,701,519	\$ 3,285,535
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD., AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Revenues	\$ 1,255,317	\$ 1,233,547
Cost of Revenues	477,851	431,227
	-----	-----
Gross Margin	777,466	802,320
Expenses		
Labor and Related Expenses	304,098	290,420
Rent	182,723	199,688
Depreciation and Amortization	50,015	70,018
Other General and Administrative	427,108	432,571
	-----	-----
Total Operating Expenses	963,944	992,697
Net Loss from Continuing Operations	(186,478)	(190,377)
	-----	-----
Other Income (Expense)		
Interest income	833	76
Dividend income	4,414	40
Interest expense	(145,994)	(147,801)

Gain (Loss) on sale of Marketable Securities	(137,437)	82,826
Net Other Income (Expense)	(278,184)	(64,859)
Net Loss Before Income Taxes	(464,662)	(255,236)
Income Tax (Expense) Benefit	(3,215)	(1,371)
Net Loss	\$ (467,877)	\$ (256,607)
Basic Loss Per Common Share:	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares	45,048,299	45,048,299

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional	Unrealized	Retained	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Loses on Securities	Deficit	
Balance at January 1, 2003	--	\$ --	45,048,299	\$ 4,505	\$ 9,939,066	\$ (5,360)	\$ (13,424,995)	\$ (3,486,784)
Share issued for debt	20,000	2	--	--	99,998	--	--	100,000
Contributed Capital	--	--	--	--	977,550	--	--	977,550
Net Loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	(256,607)	(256,607)
Unrealized Loss on available-for-sale securities	--	--	--	--	--	(331,526)	--	(331,526)
Total Comprehensive Loss	--	--	--	--	--	(331,526)	(256,607)	(588,133)
Balance at December 31, 2003	20,000	2	45,048,299	4,505	11,016,614	(336,886)	(13,681,602)	(2,997,367)
Contributed Capital	--	--	--	--	849,013	--	--	849,013
Net Loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	(467,877)	(467,877)
Unrealized Loss on available-for-sale securities	--	--	--	--	--	(71,496)	--	(71,496)
Total Comprehensive Loss	--	--	--	--	--	(71,496)	(467,877)	(539,373)
Balance at December 31, 2004	20,000	\$ 2	45,048,299	\$ 4,505	\$11,865,627	\$ (408,382)	\$ (14,149,479)	\$ (2,687,727)

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Net loss for the period	\$ (467,877)	\$ (256,607)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash Provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and Amortization	50,015	70,018
(Gain) Loss on sale of marketable securities	137,437	(82,826)

Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	2,847	202
Decrease (Increase) in prepaid expense	(132)	(26)
Increase (Decrease) in accrued interest payable	145,994	147,801
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable & accrued liabilities	(27,951)	(48,963)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	(159,667)	(170,401)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Purchase of marketable securities	(1,466,635)	(645,022)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	3,473,032	1,047,925
Purchase of property and equipment	(4,925)	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	2,001,472	402,903
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Advances from majority stockholders	118,600	155,528
Repayments of notes and advances	(12,000)	(18,000)
Proceeds from short-term notes payable	-	-
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	106,600	137,528
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	1,948,405	370,030
Cash at beginning of period	440,637	70,607
Cash at End of Period	\$ 2,389,042	\$ 440,637
Supplemental Disclosure of Interest and Income Taxes Paid		
Interest paid during the period	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes paid during the period	\$ 1,322	\$ 1,060
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities		
Marketable Securities acquired through related party payables	\$ 3,396,052	\$ 2,921,529
Marketable Securities acquired through contributed capital	849,013	977,550
Preferred stock issued in satisfaction of shareholder loans	-	100,000

</TABLE>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of accounting policies for Eat At Joe's, Ltd. and subsidiaries is presented to assist in understanding the Company's financial statements. The accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Organization

Eat At Joe's Ltd. (Company) was incorporated on January 6, 1988, under the laws of the State of Delaware, as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Debbie Reynolds Hotel and Casino, Inc. (DRHC) (formerly Halter Venture Corporation or Halter Racing Stables, Inc.) a publicly-owned corporation. DRHC caused the Company to register 1,777,000 shares of its initial 12,450,000 issued and outstanding shares of common stock with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form S-18. DRHC then distributed the registered shares to DRHC stockholders.

During the period September 30, 1988 to December 31, 1992, the Company remained in the development stage while attempting to enter the mining industry. The Company acquired certain unpatented mining claims and related equipment necessary to mine, extract, process and otherwise explore for kaolin clay, silica, feldspar, precious metals, antimony and other commercial minerals from its majority stockholder and other unrelated third-parties. The Company was unsuccessful in these start-up efforts and all activity was ceased during 1992 as a result of foreclosure on various loans in default and/or the abandonment of all assets. From 1992 until 1996 the Company had no operations, assets or liabilities.

On July 29, 2003, the Board of Directors Resolved to change the authorized capital stock from 50,000,000 common shares to 250,000,000 common shares. There was no change to the par value.

Basis of Presentation

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustment relating to recoverability and classification of recorded amounts of assets and liabilities that might be

necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

The Company has incurred a net loss for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 of \$467,877 and \$256,607, respectively, and the Company used cash of \$159,667 and \$170,401 in operating activities for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. As of December 31, 2004, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$2,851,176. These conditions raise substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's continued existence is dependent upon its ability to execute its operating plan and to obtain additional debt or equity financing. There can be no assurance the necessary debt or equity financing will be available, or will be available on terms acceptable to the Company.

Management plans include opening at least four new restaurants during 2005 and obtaining additional financing to fund payment of obligations and to provide working capital for operations and to finance future growth. The Company is actively pursuing alternative financing and has had discussions with various third parties, although no firm commitments have been obtained. In the interim, shareholders of the Company have committed to meeting its operating expenses. Management believes these efforts will generate sufficient cash flows from future operations to pay the Company's obligations and realize other assets. There is no assurance any of these transactions will occur.

Nature of Business

The Company is developing, owns and operates theme restaurants styled in an "American Diner" atmosphere.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Eat At Joe's, LTD. And its wholly-owned subsidiaries, E.A.J. Hold, Inc., a Nevada corporation ("Hold"), E.A.J. PHL Airport, Inc., a Pennsylvania corporation, E.A.J. Shoppes, Inc., a Nevada corporation, E.A.J. Cherry Hill, Inc., a Nevada corporation, E.A.J. Neshaminy, Inc., a Nevada corporation, E.A.J. PM, Inc., a Nevada corporation, E.A.J. Echelon, Inc., a Nevada corporation, E.A.J. Market East, Inc., a Nevada corporation, E.A.J. MO, Inc., a Nevada corporation, E.A.J. Syracuse, Inc., a Nevada corporation, E.A.J. Walnut Street, Inc., a Nevada corporation, E.A.J. Owings, Inc., a Nevada corporation, and 1398926 Ontario, Inc. and 1337855 Ontario, Inc., British Columbia corporations. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

Inventories

Inventories consist of food, paper items and related materials and are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenue from the sale of food and beverage through its restaurants. Revenue is recognized upon receipt of payment.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the provisions of SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." SFAS No.109 requires recognition of deferred income tax assets and liabilities for the expected future income tax consequences, based on enacted tax laws, of temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents to the extent the funds are not being held for investment purposes.

Depreciation

Office furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, are stated at cost. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Furniture & Fixtures	5-10 years
Equipment	5- 7 years
Leasehold improvements	8-15 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations; betterments are capitalized. The cost of property sold or otherwise disposed of and the accumulated depreciation thereon are eliminated from the property and related accumulated depreciation accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is credited or charged to income.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

Amortization

Intangible assets consist of a trademark registered with the United States of America Patent and Trademark Office with a registration No. 1575696. Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful life of 10 years.

The Company has adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board SFAS No., 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." SFAS 142 requires, among other things, that companies no longer amortize goodwill, but instead test goodwill for impairment at least annually. In addition, SFAS 142 requires that the Company identify reporting units for the purposes of assessing potential future impairments of goodwill, reassess the useful lives of other existing recognized intangible assets, and cease amortization of intangible assets with an indefinite useful life. An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life should be tested for impairment in accordance with the guidance in SFAS 142.

The Company has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 144. SFAS 144 requires that long-lived assets, such as property, plant, and equipment, and purchased intangibles subject to amortization, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset.

Assets to be disposed of would be separately presented in the balance sheet and reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell, and are no longer depreciated. The assets and liabilities of a disposed group classified as held for sale would be presented separately in the appropriate asset and liability sections of the balance sheet.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

Recent Accounting Standards

In April 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. The statement amends and clarifies accounting and reporting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in

other contracts, and hedging activities. This statement is designed to improve financial reporting such that contracts with comparable characteristics are accounted for similarly. The statement, which is generally effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003, is not anticipated to have a significant effect on our financial position or results of operations.

In May 2003, the FASB issued SFAS No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity. This statement establishes standards for how an issuer classifies and measures certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. This statement is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and is otherwise effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. The statement was considered in regard to our Series E Preferred Stock and, is not anticipated to have a significant effect on our financial position or results of operations.

In December 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46 (Revised), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities. This interpretation clarifies rules relating to consolidation where entities are controlled by means other than a majority voting interest and instances in which equity investors do not bear the residual economic risks. We currently have no ownership in variable interest entities and therefore adoption of this standard currently has no financial reporting implications.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic loss per share has been computed by dividing the loss for the year applicable to the common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the years.

Diluted net income per common share was calculated based on an increased number of shares that would be outstanding assuming that the preferred shares were converted to 4,587,156 and 6,756,757 common shares as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The effect of outstanding common stock equivalents are anti-dilutive for 2004 and 2003 and are thus not considered.

Pervasiveness of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company has no significant off-balance-sheet concentrations of credit risk such as foreign exchange contracts, options contracts or other foreign hedging arrangements. The Company maintains the majority of its cash balances with one financial institution, in the form of demand deposits.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made in the 2003 financial statements to conform with the 2004 presentation.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments, including receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities at December 31, 2004 and 2003 approximates their fair values due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments. The carrying values of marketable securities available for sale are based on quoted market prices.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

Investment in Marketable Securities

The Company's securities investments that are bought and held for an indefinite period of time are classified as available-for-sale securities. Available-for-sale securities are recorded at fair value on the balance sheet in current assets, with the change in fair value during the period excluded from earnings and recorded net of tax as a component of other comprehensive income.

Investments in securities are summarized as follows:

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

December 31, 2004

	Gross Unrealized Gain	Gross Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Available-for-sale securities	\$ 250,800	\$ 322,296	\$ 2,611,830

December 31, 2003

	Gross Unrealized Gain	Gross Unrealized Loss	Fair Value
Available-for-sale securities	\$ -	\$ 331,526	\$ 2,611,830

</TABLE>

Realized Gains and losses are determined on the basis of specific identification. During the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, sales proceeds and gross realized gains and losses on securities classified as available-for-sale securities were:

	For the Year Ended December 31,	
	2004	2003
Sale Proceeds	\$ 3,473,032	\$ 1,047,925
Gross Realized Losses	\$ 178,954	\$ 3,588
Gross Realized Gains	\$ 41,517	\$ 86,414

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 2 - SHORT-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

Short-Term Notes Payable consist of loans from unrelated entities as of December 31, 2004 and 2003. The notes are payable one year from the date of issuance together with interest at 6.50% A.P.R.

NOTE 3 - INCOME TAXES

As of December 31, 2004, the Company had a net operating loss carryforward for income tax reporting purposes of approximately \$11,165,000 that may be offset against future taxable income through 2024. Current tax laws limit the amount of loss available to be offset against future taxable income when a substantial change in ownership occurs. Therefore, the amount available to offset future taxable income may be limited. No tax benefit has been reported in the financial statements, because the Company believes there is a 50% or greater chance the carryforwards will expire unused. Accordingly, the potential tax benefits of the loss carryforwards are offset by a valuation allowance of the same amount.

The Company has the following tax assets:

	2004	2003
Net Operating Losses	3,796,100	3,774,894
Other	82,509	78,919
Valuation Allowance	(3,878,609)	(3,853,813)
	-	-

The provision for income taxes differs from the amount computed using the federal US statutory income tax rate as follows:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

	2004	2003
<S>	<C>	<C>
Provision (Benefit) at US Statutory Rate	(157,985)	(86,780)
Net Operating Losses	136,779	(93,546)
Other	3,590	6,268
Increase (Decrease) in Valuation Allowance	(24,796)	(174,058)
	-----	-----
	-	-
	=====	=====

</TABLE>

The Company evaluates its valuation allowance requirements based on projected future operations. When circumstances change and causes a change in management's judgement about the recoverability of deferred tax assets, the impact of the change on the valuation is reflected in current income.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 4 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 2004 and 2003, Joseph Fiore, C.E.O. of the Company, and Berkshire Capital, which is controlled by Mr. Fiore, paid expenses and made advances to the Company. As of December 31, 2004 and 2003, \$1,933,394 and \$1,814,794 in advances was due to these related parties.

On August 8, 2003, the Board resolved to enter into an agreement with Berkshire Capital Management Co., Inc., a related party, for the purpose of utilizing the Company's tax loss carry forward to sell Berkshire's acquired free trading stock in other public companies. During 2004 and 2003, the Company acquired marketable securities from a related party pursuant to a joint venture agreement. In accordance with the agreement the Company acquired marketable securities valued at \$4,245,065 and \$3,899,079, respectively, (based on quoted market prices) in exchange for accounts payable of \$3,396,052 and \$2,921,529, respectively, with the remainder being reported as contributed capital of \$849,013 and \$977,550, respectively. During 2004 and 2003, the Company has sold marketable securities for \$3,473,032 and \$1,041,282, respectively, and recorded a net loss on sale of \$137,437 for 2004 and a net gain of \$85,214 for 2003. As of December 31, 2004 and 2003, the remaining securities are recorded in the accompanying Balance Sheets at their quoted market value of \$1,869,782 and \$2,610,630, respectively and related party accounts payable include \$3,102,737 and \$2,281,989, respectively, due to Berkshire Capital.

On August 8, 2003, the Board of Directors resolved to issue 20,000 shares of Series E Convertible Preferred Stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share to Joseph Fiore as payment for a \$100,000 advance to the company.

On September 1, 2003, the Board resolved to enter into an agreement with Berkshire Capital Management Co., Inc., a related party, for the purpose of locating merger candidates for twelve of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries. Pursuant to which, on October 23, 2003, The Company entered into a Purchase Agreement with Offshore Creations, Inc. (A Nevada corporation) to sell the Company's wholly owned subsidiary E.A.J. Innerharbor. The Company received 1,200,000 (approximately 3%) of restricted stock of the corporation surviving the merger of Offshore Creations, Inc. and E.A.J. Innerharbor, Inc. This transaction was accounted for by recording a \$1,200 investment in marketable securities and a corresponding gain on sale of \$1,200. As of December 31, 2004 no additional subsidiaries have been sold.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 5 - PURCHASE OF SUBSIDIARIES

The Company has entered into a non-binding letter of intent to acquire a 16 unit regional restaurant chain for an investment of \$100,000. Either party to the letter may terminate the letter of intent without penalty. The parties have agreed to proceed toward negotiation of a mutually agreeable purchase agreement. No assurances can be given that the purchase of the restaurant chain will be completed. During 2002, the company established a 100% valuation

allowance against this asset recorded a corresponding loss in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 6 - RENT AND LEASE EXPENSE

The Company's wholly-owned subsidiary E.A.J. PHL Airport, Inc. leases approximately 845 square feet in the Philadelphia Airport, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania pursuant to a lease dated April 30, 1997. E.A.J. PHL Airport pays \$7,083 per month basic rent plus 15% -18% of gross revenues above \$850,000 under the lease which expires April 2007.

The minimum future lease payments under these leases for the next five years are:

Year Ended December 31,	Real Property
-----	-----
2004	\$ 85,000
2005	85,000
2006	85,000
2007	85,000
2008	-

Total five year minimum lease payments	\$ 340,000
	=====

The lease generally provides that insurance, maintenance and tax expenses are obligations of the Company. It is expected that in the normal course of business, leases that expire will be renewed or replaced by leases on other properties.

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EAT AT JOE'S LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004, AND 2003
(Continued)

NOTE 7 - CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

On July 31, and September 2, 1998, the Company sold its 8% convertible debenture in the aggregate principal amount of \$1,500,000 to an accredited investor pursuant to an exemption from registration under Section 4(2) and/or Regulation D.

The material terms of the Company' convertible debentures provide for the payment of interest at 8% per annum payable quarterly, mandatory redemption after 3 years from the date of issuance at 130% of the principal amount. Subject to adjustment, the debentures are convertible into Common Stock at the lower of a fixed conversion price (\$1.82 per share for \$900,000 principal amount of debentures; \$1.61 per share for \$600,000 principal amount of debentures) or 75% of the average closing bid price for the Company's Common Stock for the 5 trading days preceding the date of the conversion notice. Repayment of the indebtedness is secured by a general lien on the assets of the Company and guarantee by 5 of the Company's subsidiaries.

Total issue costs were \$156,551.20 which were amortized over the initial terms of the debt with a maturity date of July 31 and September 2, 2001.

NOTE 8 - CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK

The Series E Convertible Preferred Stock carries the following rights and preferences;

- * No dividends.
- * Convertible to common stock at the average closing bid price for the Company's common stock for the 5 trading days prior to the conversion date, and is adjustable to prevent dilution. (Convertible to 4,587,156 common shares at December 31, 2003)
- * Convertible at the Option of the Company at par value only after repayment of the shareholder loans from Joseph Fiore and subject to the holders option to convert.
- * Entitled to vote 1,000 votes per share of Series E Convertible Preferred Shares.
- * Entitled to liquidation preference at par value.
- * Is senior to all other share of preferred or common shares issued past, present and future.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to

be signed on it behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

EAT AT JOE'S LTD.

Dated: March 30, 2004

By /S/ Joseph Fiore

Joseph Fiore,
C.E.O., C.F.O., Chairman, Secretary, Director

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities indicated on this 30th day of March 2005.

Signatures

Title

/S/ Joseph Fiore

Joseph Fiore
C.E.O., C.F.O., Chairman, Secretary, Director
(Principal Executive, Financial
and Accounting Officer)

/S/ James Mylock, Jr.

James Mylock, Jr.
Director

/S/ Tim Matula

Tim Matula Director

Gino Naldini President, Chief Operating Officer

SECTION 302 CERTIFICATIONS

I, Joseph Fiore, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on form 10-KSB of Eat at Joe's Ltd.
2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) for the small business issuer and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
 - b) evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluations; and
 - c) disclosed in this report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's most recent fiscal quarter (the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over the financial reporting; and
5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of the small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 30, 2004

/s/ Joseph Fiore

Joseph Fiore
CEO, CFO, Chairman, Secretary, Director
(Principal Executive & Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT BY
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Eat at Joe's, Ltd., on Form 10-KSB for the year ending December 31, 2004 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "REPORT"), the undersigned, Joseph Fiore, Chief Executive Officer and Principal Accounting Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, as adopted pursuant to ss. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge and belief:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: March 30, 2004

/s/ Joseph Fiore

Joseph Fiore
CEO, CFO, Chairman, Secretary, Director
(Principal Executive & Accounting Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.